**Wiring Infrared Heaters**

Northern Lights’ parts store sells far infrared panels, rated at 300Watts either for 120 volt or 240 volt. These come with 12” leads and need to be wired in a manner that complies with the electrical code. Note that the frame for these heaters is a wood frame and that there is no metal to ground. Thus a ground wire can serve no purpose and is not provided.

We sell the IR heaters as components, not as a complete sauna system. Thus it is up to the customer or the electrician hired to install them in his/her sauna room in a manner that meets code and in a manner that they can be properly controlled.

Far infrared heaters are not designed to be air heaters, as is the case for a normal sauna heaters. If you wanted them to raise the air temperature to 180-190°F levels as is done with a traditional sauna heater, you would need the same total installed kilowatts as you would install if you used a traditional sauna heater. This would be come expensive compared to the traditional heaters. Instead, far infrared heaters radiate their energy outward and a little backwards, and work by this radiant energy striking a surface such as the person’s body and the skin thus absorbing some of this radiant energy, causing a sweating reaction. The far infrared frequencies are superior in the depth of penetration than the near infrared frequencies. Typically if combined with a traditional wet/dry sauna heater one would size the IR heaters to provide 10 Watts/Cubic foot of space. If used alone, one would increase this to 16 Watts/cubic foot. To work effectively the panel needs to be close to the body and at the level of the body.

Install the panels, either vertically or horizontal, above the seats. Allow for some air circulation behind the panel. Placing the panels, high, wastes the energy. You can have some below the seats if there is room. Further it is recommended you restrict the ceiling in the sauna room to 7ft or less. You want to keep the heat in your vicinity and not have it wasted high up.

A common question relates to the wiring information. It is primarily your electrician’s responsibility to address this. However here are some guidelines.
Northern Lights Cedar Tubs and Saunas

Wiring to a Small Number of 120 volt IR Heaters

If you are using a small number of IR heaters, you would have the service cable coming from the service panel, to a switch box. The switch box would contain a 1 hour timer, that then supplies power to IR heaters. In that case typically you would purchase the 120 volt units, and wire them in a parallel daisy chain manner, as you would for example a number of lights that are controlled by the same switch. Wire size would be selected accordingly. For example, you would use #14/2 to the 1st IR heater and then continue with lighter 2 conductor cable. You can if you wish deploy a 2-pin connectors at the IR heater. These do not come with the heaters

Figure 1 - Schematic - Small Number of 120 volt IR Heaters with Timer
Wiring to a Large Number of 120 volt IR Heaters

If you will be using more than 5 IR heaters then you can use the same timer technique but use a contactor to handle the heavier load switching as follows:

Figure 2 - Schematic - 6-10 120 volt IR Heaters with contactor and Timer
The difference between the Figure 2 and 3 is in the circuit breaker and cable sizes. We can supply the contactor (2-Pole, rated 40 Amp with 240 volt coil) for $49.00 plus shipping. The timer you can purchase at a home improvement or electrical store. We do not supply cables, the electrical box for the contactor (6” x6” x 3”) or the timer and its switch box. Since the contactor has plenty of current head room, you can extend the number of IR panels used, provided the circuit breaker and cabling is also suitable increased in ampacity.
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**Wiring to a Large Number of 240 volt IR Heaters**

When 240 volt IR heater’s are used, the wiring can be somewhat simplified in that no neutral is required. This is illustrated next figure.

![Figure 4 Wiring up to 16 240 volt IR Heaters with Timer and Contactor.](image)
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Using a Homecraft Digital Sauna Controller with IR Heaters

None of the previous control schemes deploy a temperature controller to limit the upper temperature. That is because for the most part the air temperature does not get that hot and once you have sweated long enough, you would simply turn off the power to the IR heaters. If temperature limiting is required then we can provide a digital sauna controller which performs both the timing function and the temperature limiting function. In order for the temperature sensor to measure the air temperature (rather than being heated by the IR radiation), the sensor should be attached to some block that has some heat capacity, such as a piece of metal or a stone, and this be covered. Locate the sensor about 9 inches from the ceiling.

The next Figure 5 shows how the Homecraft TKE sauna controller can be utilized to control up to 12 x 240 volt 300 Watt IR heaters. The TKE internal relays (those on the circuit board) can switch up to 30 Amps, so the unit could actually switch more than 12 units, if the circuit breaker and cable size is increased. For more than 12 units we prefer however to then use the TKE/1 which includes a separate 2 pole 40Amp contactor that is more robust. See Figure 6, in that case.

Both the TKE and the TKE/1 sauna controllers come with a supplied electrical box that contains the switching circuit board as well as the contactor (TKE/1) model. Also supplied is the digital control panel, and a washer style thermister (temperature sensor) and a protective shroud. The control panel is in fact the “controller”. It sends a signal to the TKE circuit board according to whether or not the relays should or should not be energized. The control panel is normally installed on an outside wall of the sauna. No electrical box is supplied with the kit for this purpose. A 2-gang receptacle box will serve that purpose. Approximately 12 ft of 4-conductor control cable to connect the digital control panel to the TKE circuit board is supplied. Also supplied is 2-conductor control cable to attach the thermister to the control panel. It is recommended that the thermister leads be soldered to this cable.

Figure 5- Wiring up to 12 240 volt IR Heaters using Homecraft TKE Controller

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![Diagram of wiring up to 12 240 volt IR Heaters using Homecraft TKE Controller](image)
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Figure 6 Wiring up to 20 240 volt IR Heaters using Homecraft TKE1 Controller
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**Using a Saunacore Digital Sauna Controller with IR Heaters**

Figures 7 & 8 use the digital Saunacore “Mercuri” sauna controller to accomplish the same timer control and high limit air temperature control as was just described for the Homecraft TKE and TKE/1. Again, in order for the temperature sensor to measure the air temperature (rather than being heated by the IR radiation), the sensor should be attached to some block that has some heat capacity, such as a piece of metal or a stone, and this be covered (so IR radiation can’t strike it directly). You want the air to be heating the thermistor not the IR radiation heating the thermistor. Locate the sensor about 9 inches from the ceiling.

Figure 7 shows how the Mercuri sauna controller can be utilized to control up to 12 x 240 volt 300 Watt IR heaters. The Mercuri internal relays (those on the circuit board) can switch up to 30 Amps, so the unit could actually switch more than 12 units, if the circuit breaker and cable size is increased. For more than 12 units, we prefer however to do the load switching via a separate 2 pole 40Amp contactor, that is more robust. See Figure 8, in that case.

The Mercuri sauna controller and the separate contactor (when used) are required to be mounted in electrical boxes. These are not supplied and must be procured from a home improvement or electrical parts distributor by the customer or electrician. The Mercuri controller needs a 3-gang masonry style electrical box (3.5” deep). The contactor (when used) needs a 6” x 6” x 3” electrical (junction) box. The thermistor temperature sensor comes assembled with a 10ft cable and plug which inserts into the Mercuri controller. All other cable and control wires between the controller, the contactor and the IR panels need to be supplied by the electrician.

You will note that auxiliary contacts, controlled by the aux button on the panel are available. This can be used to control a light for example, but would require bringing in a neutral wire from the circuit panel, so that 120 volts can be made available.
Northern Lights Cedar Tubs and Saunas

Figure 7 - Wiring up to 12 240 volt IR Heaters using Saunacore Mercuri Controller

Figure 8 - Wiring up to 20 240 volt IR Heaters using Saunacore Mercuri Controller
Northern Lights Cedar Tubs and Saunas

Combining a Wet/Dry Traditional Sauna Heater with IR Heaters

Persons often wish to have the benefits of a traditional sauna heater (that has rocks on which you can splash water to create steam) with IR heaters. The traditional heater will come with controls and this need to be wired so the IR heaters can also be turned on and off. The controls with a traditional sauna heater can be mechanical, in which case they may be contained within the bottom of the heater, or if they are digital, then separate electrical boxes are used to switch both the electric element(s) and the IR elements. We illustrate only one situation, which uses a Saunacore Mercuri controller to switch power to both the traditional Sauna heater and the IR heaters by using two separate contactors. While we show the two contactors mounted in separate electrical boxes, it would be possible to locate both in one box, provided it is sized appropriately.